

Definition of Terms

A	=	Total Developmental Area (acres).
Ac	=	Controlled Developmental Area (acres). This includes that portion of the total developmental area from which storm water is collected and discharged into the detention system.
Au	=	Uncontrolled Developmental Area (acres). This includes all areas from which storm water is not controlled. $A = Ac + Au$.
Ai	=	Total Impervious Area (acres). Impervious portion of A
Ap	=	Total Pervious Area (acres). Pervious Portion of A.
Aui	=	Uncontrolled Impervious Area (acres)
Aup	=	Uncontrolled Pervious Area (acres)
Ci	=	Coefficient of runoff for impervious surfaces = 0.9
Cp	=	Coefficient of runoff for pervious surfaces = 0.2
C	=	Average coefficient of runoff for total developed area
Cu	=	Average coefficient of runoff for uncontrolled area
V	=	Unit volume of detention required (cubic feet per acre)
Vt	=	Total volume of detention required (cubic feet)
P	=	Ratio of uncontrolled runoff (Rational Method")
Qr	=	Unit Discharge Rate (cfs per acre). This varies from 0.2 cfs/acre (when there is no uncontrolled runoff, i.e. $P = 0$) to 0.1 cfs/acre (when 20% of the runoff is uncontrolled, i.e. $P = 0.2$).
Qa	=	Allowable rate of discharge from the detention facility (cubic feet per second)
d	=	Orifice diameter (inches)
h	=	Pressure head on orifice. Vertical distance from center of outlet pipe to overflow elevation (feet)
g	=	Acceleration of gravity = 32.2 ft/sec ²
π	=	pi = 3.14
K	=	Discharge constant for sharp edge orifice = 0.62

USEPA SF



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Abbreviations

cfs cubic feet per second
ft feet
ft³ cubic feet
sec seconds

DETENTION VOLUME COMPS

Detention Volume

- 1) Determine A, Ai, Ap

A = 22.27 ac
Ai = 13.64 ac
Ap = 5.64 ac

- 2) Calculate C

$$C = \frac{(.2)(Ap) + (.9)(Ai)}{A}$$

$$C = \frac{(.2)(5.64) + (.9)(13.65)}{22.27}$$

$$C = 0.60$$

- 3) Find V from Table A based on C & 25-yr storm

$$V = 971 \text{ ft}^3/\text{ac}$$

- 4) Calculate Vt

$$Vt = (V)(A) = 971 \times 22.27$$

$$Vt = 21,600 \text{ ft}^3 \text{ detention req'd}$$

Orifice Size

- 1) Determine A, Au, Aui, Aup, Ac

A = 22.27 ac
Au = 3.01 ac
Ac = 19.26 ac
Aui = 2.11 ac
Aup = 0.90 ac

2) Calculate Cu

$$Cu = \frac{(.2)(A_{up}) + (.9)(A_{ui})}{A_u}$$

$$Cu = \frac{(.2)(.90 \text{ ac}) + (.9)(2.11 \text{ ac})}{3.01}$$

$$Cu = 0.69 \text{ ac}$$

3) Calculate P

$$P = \frac{Cu A_u}{CA} = \frac{(0.69)(3.01)}{(.60)(22.27)} = 0.16$$

$$P < 0.20 \text{ -----> system OK}$$

4) Calculate Qv, Qa

$$\begin{aligned} Q_v &= .2 - (.5)(P) \\ &= .2 - (.5)(.16) \\ &= 0.12 \text{ cfs/acre controlled} \end{aligned}$$

$$Q_a = (Q_v)(A_c) = (0.12)(19.26) = 2.31 \text{ cfs}$$

5) Summary

----> For 0.2 cfs/acre release rate, req'd storage volume
= 21,600 ft³

----> This assumes restricted outlet, gravity discharge. We will use pumped system; Yrjanineu & Warren Method results in volume reduction of 10% for 20 acre, 60% impervious site limited to 0.2 cfs/acre discharge. Therefore, approximate volume req'd
= 19,440 ft³

----> If discharge is to 18" dia. public storm sewer, we can discharge 6.9 cfs total, or 0.31 cfs/acre. Approximate volume req'd: .20 * 19,440 = 12,500 ft³

----> If discharge is to 15" pipe at SE corner property, we are limited to 2.9 cfs total or 0.13 cfs/ac

$$\text{Approximate Volume req'd} = 29,900 \text{ ft}^3$$

PIPE LENGTH REQUIRED

<u>Pipe Size</u>	<u>End Area</u> (SF)	If Required to Store V =		
		<u>12,500 ft³</u>	<u>19,440 ft³</u>	<u>29,900 ft³</u>
57" x 38"	11.6	1078	16761	2578
64" x 43"	14.7	851	1323	2034
77" x 52"	21.9	571	888	1366
83" x 57"	26.0	481	748	1150
81" x 59"	29.4	426	662	1017
87" x 63"	32.1	390	606	932 <--
66"	23.8	526	817	1257